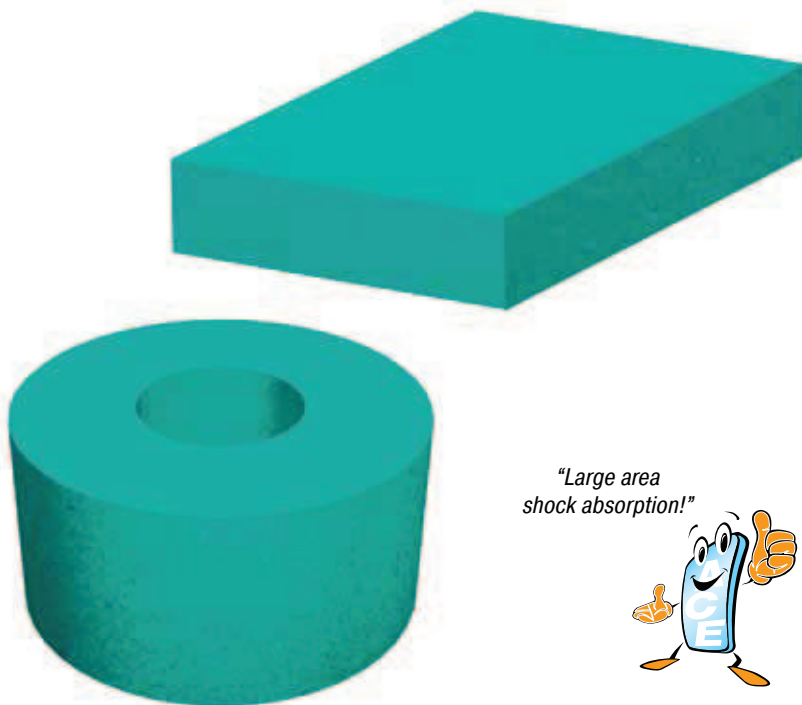


**SLAB damping plates** of the **SL-030, SL-100 and SL-300 series** are visco-elastic PUR materials that are manufactured according to a patented formula and which were especially designed to absorb shock loads. At the same time, the resulting structure-borne noise is effectively reduced. This material is characterized by its very high inner damping. The rebound elasticity is around  $< 30\%$  (Tolerance  $\pm 10\%$ ). The result makes this product an alternative to hydraulic end-of-travel damping, if the load doesn't need to be stopped accurately and the energy doesn't have to be reduced by 100%.

The densities of  
 SL-030 = 270 kg/m<sup>3</sup>,  
 SL-100 = 500 kg/m<sup>3</sup> and  
 SL-300 = 800 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

cover a wide spectrum of the energy absorption to the applied area. This enables a relatively independent choice of applied area.



"Large area shock absorption!"



**Impact velocity range:** max. 5 m/s

**Compression set:**  $\leq 5\%$ , at 50% of compression, 23 °C, 70 h, 30 min after unloading, according to EN ISO 1856

**Environment:** Resistant against ozone and UV radiation (also see chemical resistancy page 127)

**Material:** Mixed cellular PUR-Elastomer (polyether urethane), standard colour green

**Standard density:** 270 kg/m<sup>3</sup>, 500 kg/m<sup>3</sup> and 800 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

**Impact resilience:**  $< 30\%$ , tolerance  $\pm 10\%$ , SL-030 and SL-100 according to DIN 53573, SL-300 according to DIN 53512 (measurement following the respective standard).

**Fire rating:** B2, normally flammable according to DIN 4102

**Operating temperature range:** -30 °C to +50 °C, short-term higher temperature possible.

**Delivery form:** Thickness: 12.5 mm and 25 mm. Rolls: 1.5 m wide, 5.0 m long. Strips: Up to the maximum width and length. Other dimensions (also thickness), colours, shapes and cut-out parts on request.

**Possibilities for cutting:** Water jet cutting, stamping, splitting, sawing, drilling etc.

**Mounting style:** Bonding (see adhesive recommendation page 126), clamps, screws, etc.

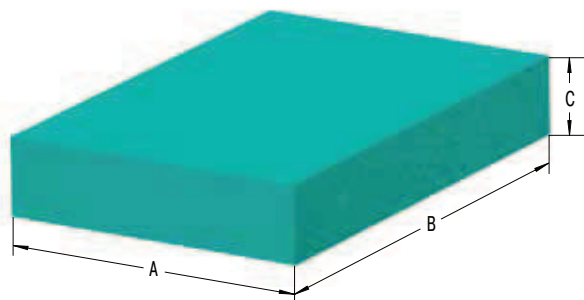
**On request:** Available with compact polyurethane wearing surface, shore hardness: 82 shore Sh A.



#### Ordering Example

ACE-SLAB \_\_\_\_\_  
 Material Type \_\_\_\_\_  
 Material Thickness 12.5 mm \_\_\_\_\_  
 Customers Specific Dimension/Shape \_\_\_\_\_  
 (D-Number is assigned by ACE)

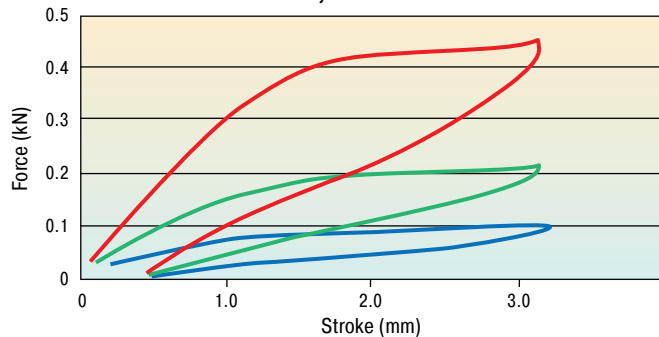
SL-030-12-Dxxxx



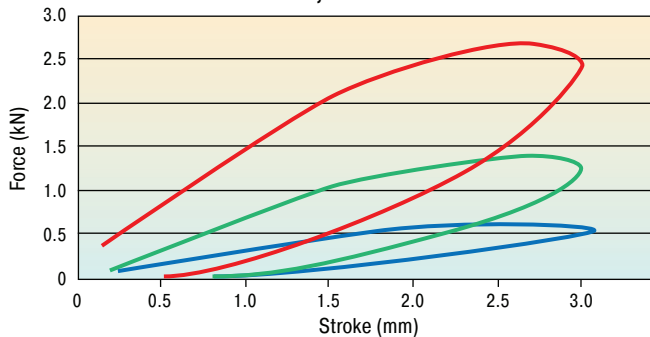
The chosen damping plate should be tested by the customer on the specific application.

#### Characteristics of Type SL-030-12

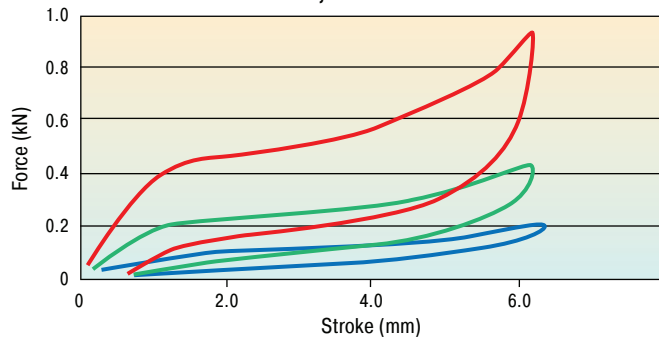
**Force-Stroke Static**  
**Stroke Utilization 3 mm, 25 %**



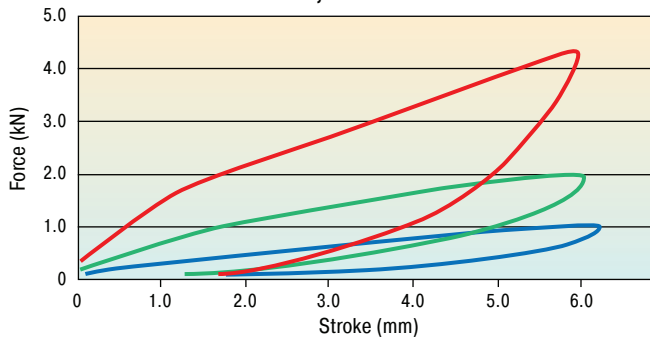
**Force-Stroke Dynamic**  
**Stroke Utilization 3 mm, 25 %**



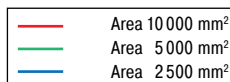
**Force-Stroke Static**  
**Stroke Utilization 6 mm, 50 %**



**Force-Stroke Dynamic**  
**Stroke Utilization 6 mm, 50 %**



Load data:  
 static, between two level plates  
 deformation velocity:  
 1 % of the plate thickness/sec.



Load data:  
 dynamic, free-falling mass,  
 impact velocity:  
 about 1 m/s.

#### Dimensions and Capacity Chart (Sample Plates MP1 to MP3)

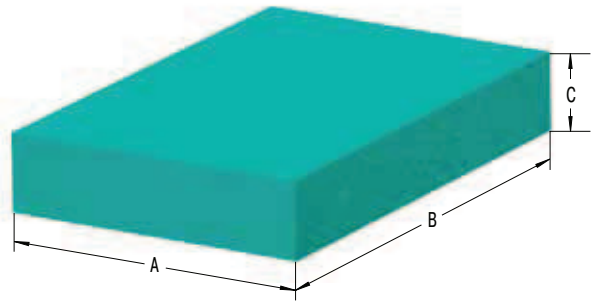
Type	<sup>1</sup> W <sub>3</sub> max. Nm/Cycle	<sup>1</sup> Stroke Utilization mm	A	B	C	Area mm <sup>2</sup>	Density kg/m <sup>3</sup>	Return Time s	Weight kg
SL-030-12-D-MP1	2.3 (5.0)	3 (6)	50	50	12.5	2 500	270	Approx. 3 (4)	0.008
SL-030-12-D-MP2	4.3 (9.5)	3 (6)	70.7	70.7	12.5	5 000	270	Approx. 3 (4)	0.017
SL-030-12-D-MP3	9.5 (19.5)	3 (6)	100	100	12.5	10 000	270	Approx. 3 (4)	0.034

<sup>1</sup> Energy absorption and stroke utilization as well as the illustrated dynamic curve progression refer to a calculated free falling mass with an impact velocity of 1 m/s. For differing application data, these values can only be used as a reference. The energy absorption depends on the individual impact surface and stroke utilization. The longer the load duration the more the reduction in energy absorption (material fatigue).

#### Ordering Example

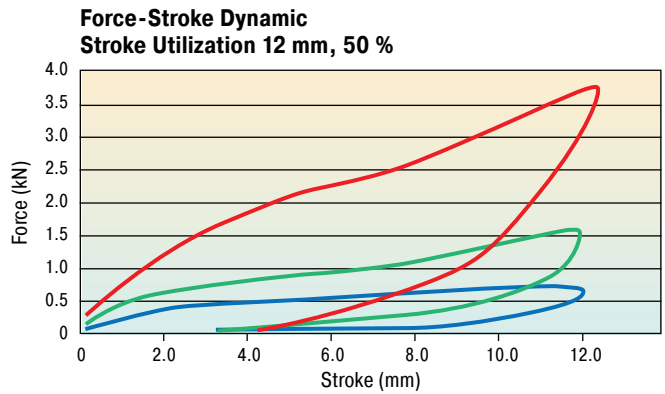
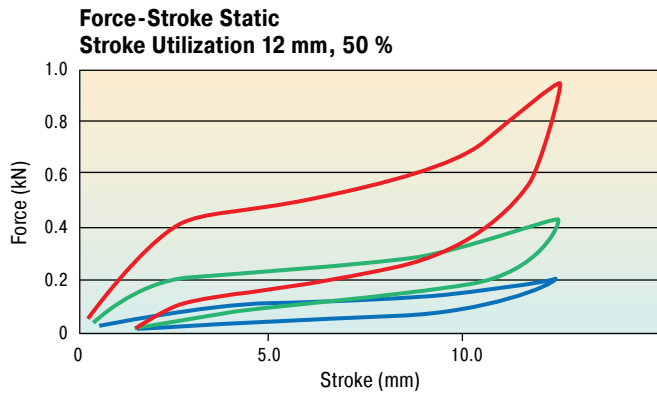
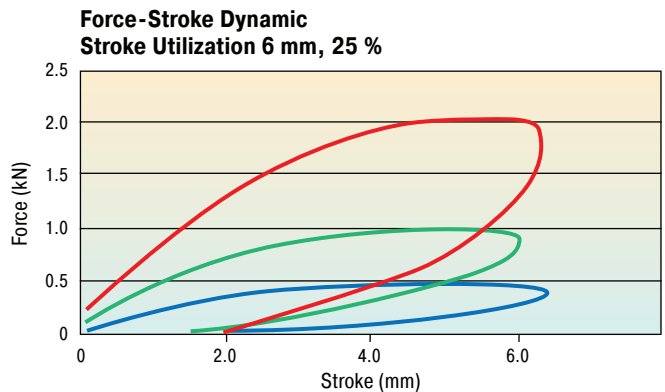
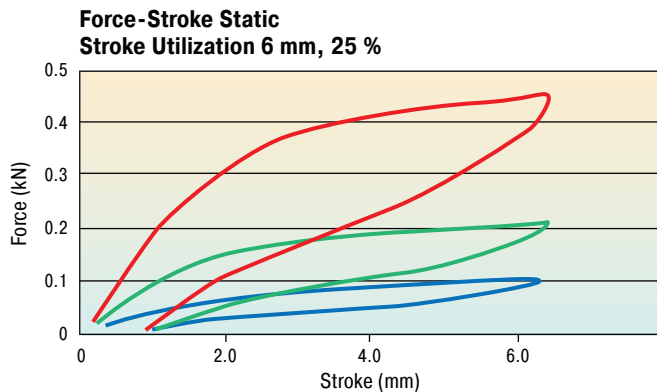
ACE-SLAB \_\_\_\_\_  
 Material Type \_\_\_\_\_  
 Material Thickness 25 mm \_\_\_\_\_  
 Customers Specific Dimension/Shape \_\_\_\_\_  
 (D-Number is assigned by ACE)

SL-030-25-Dxxxx



The chosen damping plate should be tested by the customer on the specific application.

#### Characteristics of Type SL-030-25



Load data:  
 static, between two level plates  
 deformation velocity:  
 1 % of the plate thickness/sec.

— Area 10 000 mm<sup>2</sup>  
 — Area 5 000 mm<sup>2</sup>  
 — Area 2 500 mm<sup>2</sup>

Load data:  
 dynamic, free-falling mass,  
 impact velocity:  
 about 1 m/s.

#### Dimensions and Capacity Chart (Sample Plates MP1 to MP3)

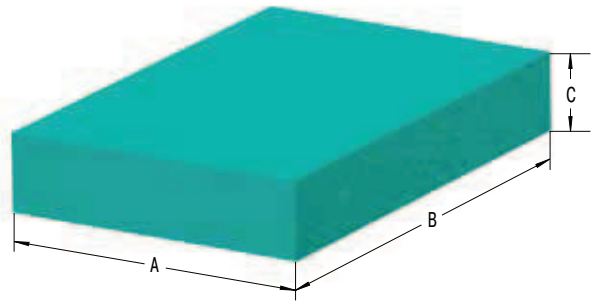
Type	<sup>1</sup> W <sub>3</sub> max. Nm/Cycle	<sup>1</sup> Stroke Utilization mm	A	B	C	Area mm <sup>2</sup>	Density kg/m <sup>3</sup>	Return Time s	Weight kg
SL-030-25-D-MP1	3.5 (6.0)	6 (12)	50	50	25	2 500	270	Approx. 4 (5)	0.017
SL-030-25-D-MP2	5.7 (11.5)	6 (12)	70.7	70.7	25	5 000	270	Approx. 4 (5)	0.034
SL-030-25-D-MP3	11.5 (21.5)	6 (12)	100	100	25	10 000	270	Approx. 4 (5)	0.068

<sup>1</sup> Energy absorption and stroke utilization as well as the illustrated dynamic curve progression refer to a calculated free falling mass with an impact velocity of 1 m/s. For differing application data, these values can only be used as a reference. The energy absorption depends on the individual impact surface and stroke utilization. The longer the load duration the more the reduction in energy absorption (material fatigue).

#### Ordering Example

ACE-SLAB \_\_\_\_\_  
 Material Type \_\_\_\_\_  
 Material Thickness 12.5 mm \_\_\_\_\_  
 Customers Specific Dimension/Shape \_\_\_\_\_  
 (D-Number is assigned by ACE)

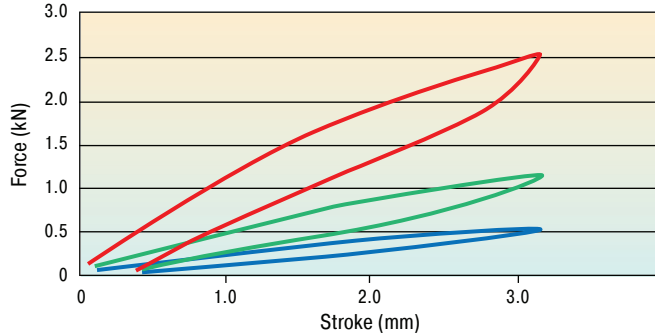
SL-100-12-Dxxxx



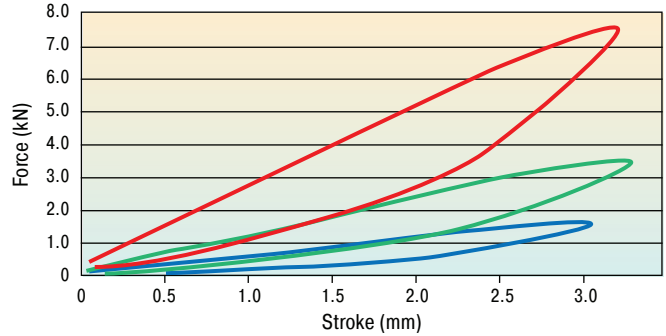
The chosen damping plate should be tested by the customer on the specific application.

#### Characteristics of Type SL-100-12

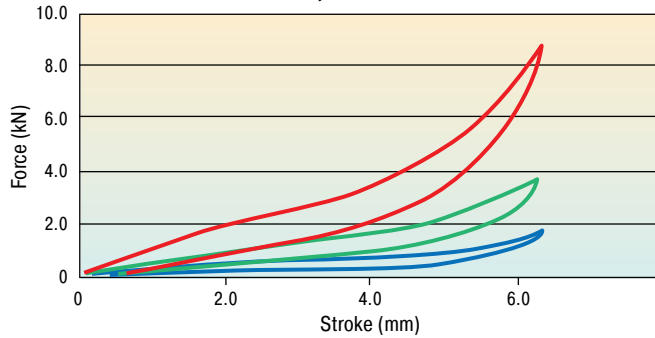
**Force-Stroke Static**  
**Stroke Utilization 3 mm, 25 %**



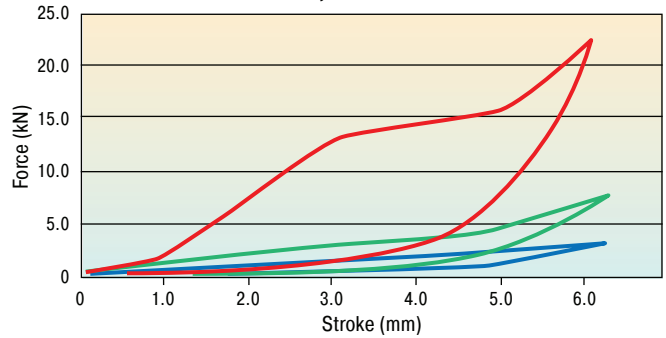
**Force-Stroke Dynamic**  
**Stroke Utilization 3 mm, 25 %**



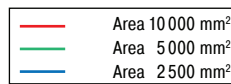
**Force-Stroke Static**  
**Stroke Utilization 6 mm, 50 %**



**Force-Stroke Dynamic**  
**Stroke Utilization 6 mm, 50 %**



Load data:  
 static, between two level plates  
 deformation velocity:  
 1 % of the plate thickness/sec.



Load data:  
 dynamic, free-falling mass,  
 impact velocity:  
 about 1 m/s.

#### Dimensions and Capacity Chart (Sample Plates MP1 to MP3)

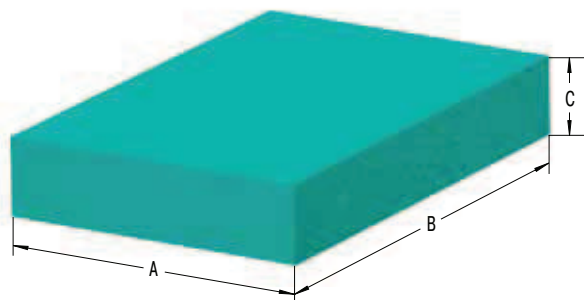
Type	<sup>1</sup> W <sub>3</sub> max. Nm/Cycle	<sup>1</sup> Stroke Utilization mm	A	B	C	Area mm <sup>2</sup>	Density kg/m <sup>3</sup>	Return Time s	Weight kg
SL-100-12-D-MP1	4.5 (13.0)	3 (6)	50	50	12.5	2 500	500	Approx. 3 (4)	0.016
SL-100-12-D-MP2	11.5 (29.0)	3 (6)	70.7	70.7	12.5	5 000	500	Approx. 3 (4)	0.031
SL-100-12-D-MP3	23.0 (75.0)	3 (6)	100	100	12.5	10 000	500	Approx. 3 (4)	0.063

<sup>1</sup> Energy absorption and stroke utilization as well as the illustrated dynamic curve progression refer to a calculated free falling mass with an impact velocity of 1 m/s. For differing application data, these values can only be used as a reference. The energy absorption depends on the individual impact surface and stroke utilization. The longer the load duration the more the reduction in energy absorption (material fatigue).

#### Ordering Example

ACE-SLAB \_\_\_\_\_  
 Material Type \_\_\_\_\_  
 Material Thickness 25 mm \_\_\_\_\_  
 Customers Specific Dimension/Shape \_\_\_\_\_  
 (D-Number is assigned by ACE)

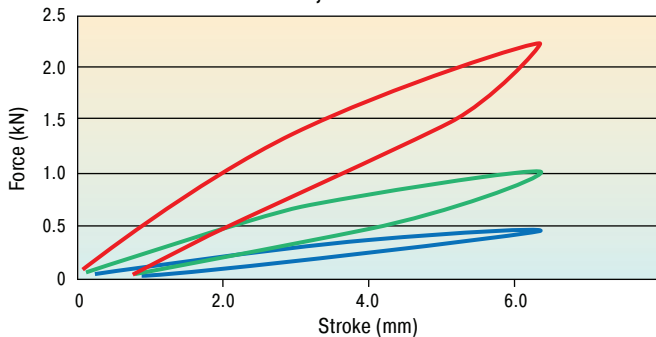
SL-100-25-Dxxxx



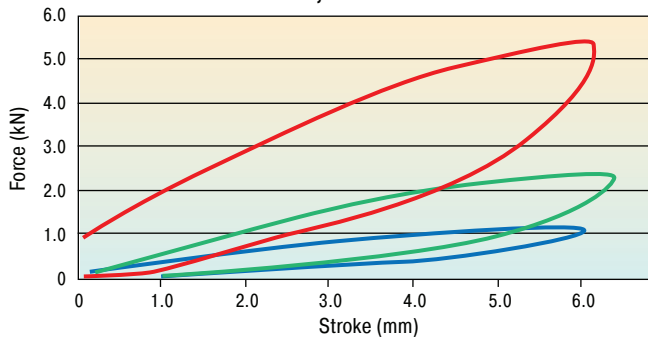
The chosen damping plate should be tested by the customer on the specific application.

#### Characteristics of Type SL-100-25

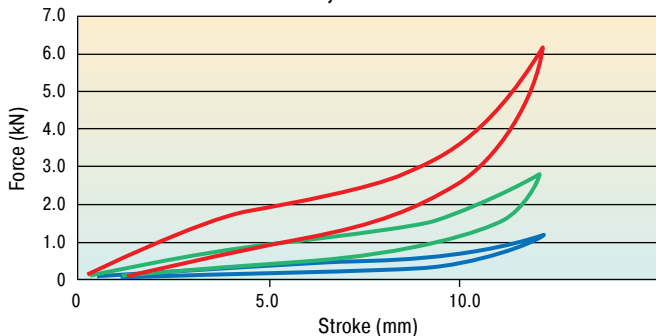
**Force-Stroke Static**  
**Stroke Utilization 6 mm, 25 %**



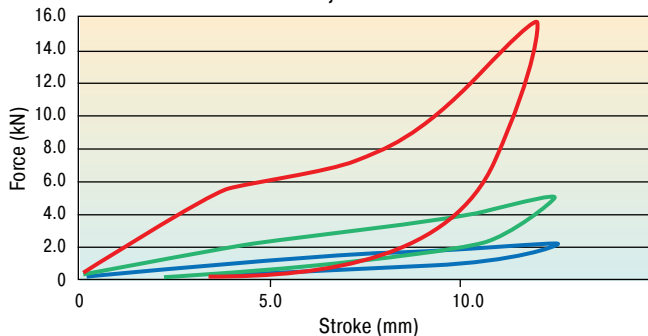
**Force-Stroke Dynamic**  
**Stroke Utilization 6 mm, 25 %**



**Force-Stroke Static**  
**Stroke Utilization 12 mm, 50 %**



**Force-Stroke Dynamic**  
**Stroke Utilization 12 mm, 50 %**



Load data:  
 static, between two level plates  
 deformation velocity:  
 1 % of the plate thickness/sec.

— Area 10 000 mm<sup>2</sup>  
 — Area 5 000 mm<sup>2</sup>  
 — Area 2 500 mm<sup>2</sup>

Load data:  
 dynamic, free-falling mass,  
 impact velocity:  
 about 1 m/s.

#### Dimensions and Capacity Chart (Sample Plates MP1 to MP3)

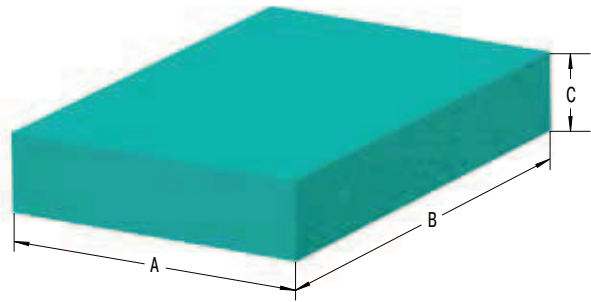
Type	<sup>1</sup> W <sub>3</sub> max. Nm/Cycle	<sup>1</sup> Stroke Utilization mm	A	B	C	Area mm <sup>2</sup>	Density kg/m <sup>3</sup>	Return Time s	Weight kg
SL-100-25-D-MP1	5.7 (14.5)	6 (12)	50	50	25	2 500	500	Approx. 4 (5)	0.031
SL-100-25-D-MP2	11.5 (33.0)	6 (12)	70.7	70.7	25	5 000	500	Approx. 4 (5)	0.062
SL-100-25-D-MP3	28.5 (90.0)	6 (12)	100	100	25	10 000	500	Approx. 4 (5)	0.125

<sup>1</sup> Energy absorption and stroke utilization as well as the illustrated dynamic curve progression refer to a calculated free falling mass with an impact velocity of 1 m/s. For differing application data, these values can only be used as a reference. The energy absorption depends on the individual impact surface and stroke utilization. The longer the load duration the more the reduction in energy absorption (material fatigue).

#### Ordering Example

ACE-SLAB \_\_\_\_\_  
 Material Type \_\_\_\_\_  
 Material Thickness 12.5 mm \_\_\_\_\_  
 Customers Specific Dimension/Shape \_\_\_\_\_  
 (D-Number is assigned by ACE)

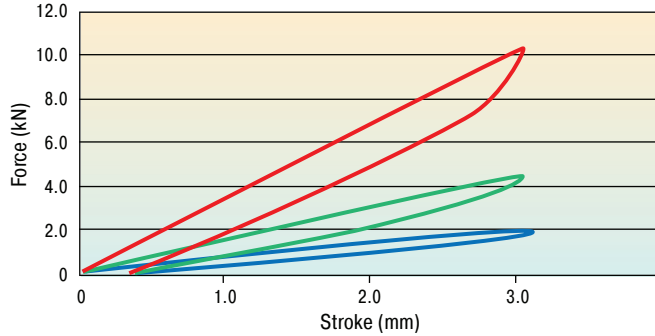
SL-300-12-Dxxxx



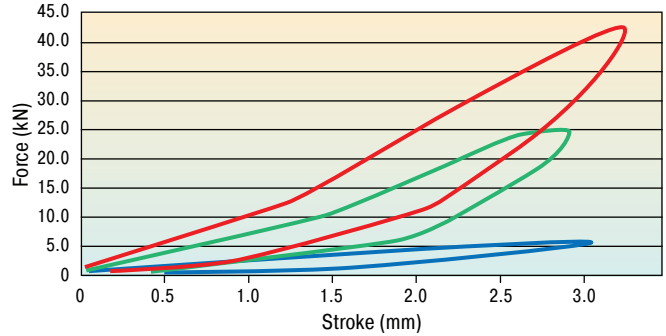
The chosen damping plate should be tested by the customer on the specific application.

#### Characteristics of Type SL-300-12

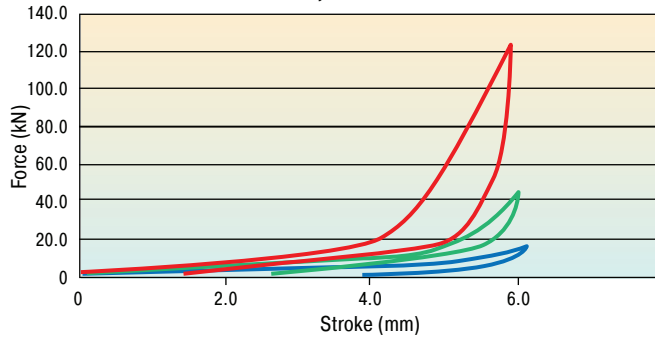
**Force-Stroke Static**  
**Stroke Utilization 3 mm, 25 %**



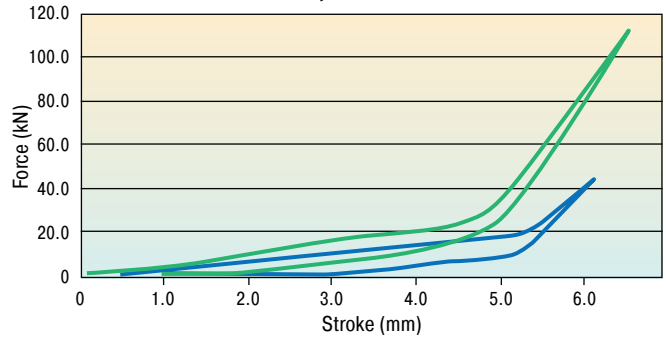
**Force-Stroke Dynamic**  
**Stroke Utilization 3 mm, 25 %**



**Force-Stroke Static**  
**Stroke Utilization 6 mm, 50 %**



**Force-Stroke Dynamic**  
**Stroke Utilization 6 mm, 50 %**



Load data:  
 static, between two level plates  
 deformation velocity:  
 1 % of the plate thickness/sec.

— Area 10 000 mm<sup>2</sup>  
 — Area 5 000 mm<sup>2</sup>  
 — Area 2 500 mm<sup>2</sup>

Load data:  
 dynamic, free-falling mass,  
 impact velocity:  
 about 1 m/s.

#### Dimensions and Capacity Chart (Sample Plates MP1 to MP3)

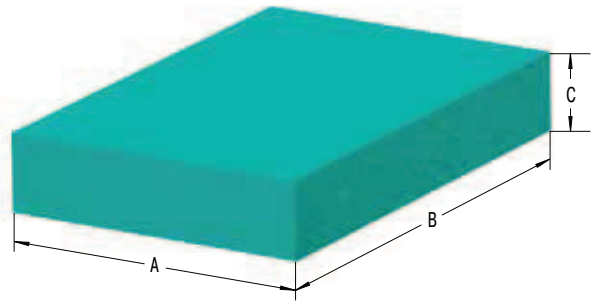
Type	<sup>1</sup> W <sub>3</sub> max. Nm/Cycle	<sup>1</sup> Stroke Utilization mm	A	B	C	Area mm <sup>2</sup>	Density kg/m <sup>3</sup>	Return Time s	Weight kg
SL-300-12-D-MP1	17.0 (85.0)	3 (6)	50	50	12.5	2 500	800	Approx. 2 (3)	0.025
SL-300-12-D-MP2	50.0 (250.0)	3 (6)	70.7	70.7	12.5	5 000	800	Approx. 2 (3)	0.050
SL-300-12-D-MP3	100.0	3 (6)	100	100	12.5	10 000	800	Approx. 2 (3)	0.100

<sup>1</sup> Energy absorption and stroke utilization as well as the illustrated dynamic curve progression refer to a calculated free falling mass with an impact velocity of 1 m/s. For differing application data, these values can only be used as a reference. The energy absorption depends on the individual impact surface and stroke utilization. The longer the load duration the more the reduction in energy absorption (material fatigue).

#### Ordering Example

ACE-SLAB \_\_\_\_\_  
 Material Type \_\_\_\_\_  
 Material Thickness 25 mm \_\_\_\_\_  
 Customers Specific Dimension/Shape \_\_\_\_\_  
 (D-Number is assigned by ACE)

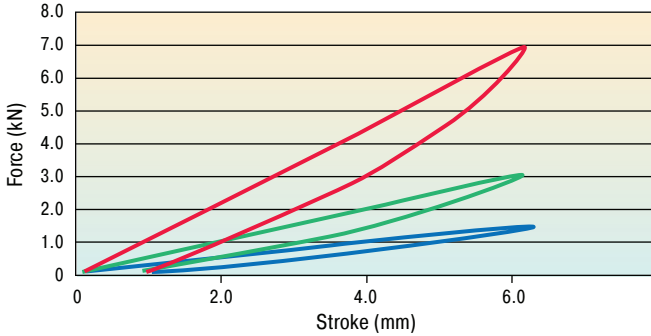
SL-300-25-Dxxxx



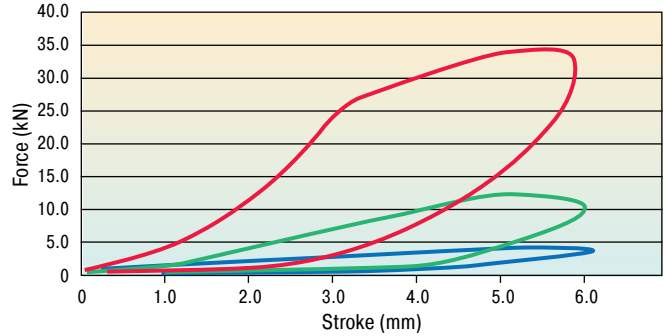
The chosen damping plate should be tested by the customer on the specific application.

#### Characteristics of Type SL-300-25

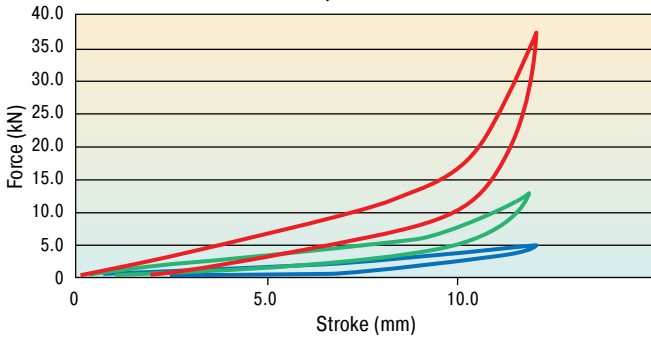
**Force-Stroke Static**  
**Stroke Utilization 6 mm, 25 %**



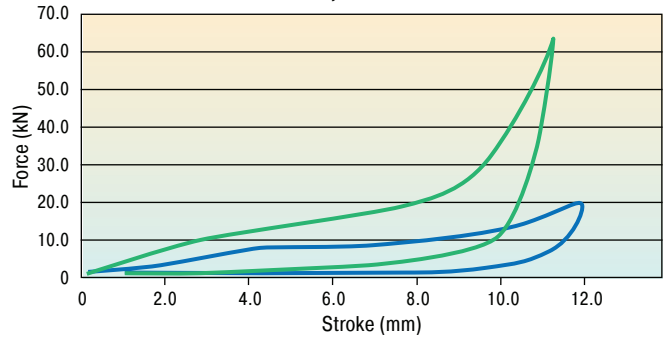
**Force-Stroke Dynamic**  
**Stroke Utilization 6 mm, 25 %**



**Force-Stroke Static**  
**Stroke Utilization 12 mm, 50 %**



**Force-Stroke Dynamic**  
**Stroke Utilization 12 mm, 50 %**



Load data:  
 static, between two level plates  
 deformation velocity:  
 1 % of the plate thickness/sec.

— Area 10000 mm<sup>2</sup>  
 — Area 5000 mm<sup>2</sup>  
 — Area 2500 mm<sup>2</sup>

Load data:  
 dynamic, free-falling mass,  
 impact velocity:  
 about 1 m/s.

#### Dimensions and Capacity Chart (Sample Plates MP1 to MP3)

Type	<sup>1</sup> W <sub>3</sub> max. Nm/Cycle	<sup>1</sup> Stroke Utilization mm	A	B	C	Area mm <sup>2</sup>	Density kg/m <sup>3</sup>	Return Time s	Weight kg
SL-300-25-D-MP1	19.5 (90.0)	6 (12)	50	50	25	2500	800	Approx. 3 (4)	0.050
SL-300-25-D-MP2	50.0 (225.0)	6 (12)	70.7	70.7	25	5000	800	Approx. 3 (4)	0.100
SL-300-25-D-MP3	150.0	6 (12)	100	100	25	10000	800	Approx. 3 (4)	0.200

<sup>1</sup> Energy absorption and stroke utilization as well as the illustrated dynamic curve progression refer to a calculated free falling mass with an impact velocity of 1 m/s. For differing application data, these values can only be used as a reference. The energy absorption depends on the individual impact surface and stroke utilization. The longer the load duration the more the reduction in energy absorption (material fatigue).